

ABIPA Health Highlights

CELEBRATING 10 YEARS OF SERVICE TO THE COMMUNITY

EDUCATE · NAVIGATE · ADVOCATE

ON SITE ACTIVITIES 56 Walton St., Asheville

Building Brothers BREAKFAST

Saturday, February 14

Prostate & Diabetes Health. 8 a.m. at the ABIPA office.

Healthy Breakfast Options provided



Call (828) 251-8364 to schedule ABIPA for your organization or church events.

Donate to ABIPA

Tax deductible donations can be made by sending a check to: ABIPA, PO Box 448. Asheville, NC 28802: or click the donation tab at www.abipa.org. Thank you for your support!

Thank you to our funding partner and community partner agencies for making our work possible.









Buncombe County

ABIPA

56 Walton Street Asheville, NC 28801

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Asheville Buncombe **Institute of Parity Achievement**

ABIPA promotes economic, social, and healthy parity achievement for African Americans and other people of color in Buncombe County through advocacy, education, research, and community partnerships.

www.ABIPA.org

More PRAISE in 2015!

by Je'Wana Grier-McEachin, Executive Director Photo by JaíEssence McEachin

ABIPA is committed to making a larger impact on the community culture of health in 2015.

One of our new initiatives that we are kicking off this month is PRAISE, offered in collaboration with UNC Asheville and Mission Hospital. The acronym PRAISE stands for Preventive Health Education Resulting in Action Inspiring Success for Everyone.

We are building on our current work through our Church Health Network partner churches in Buncombe and Henderson counties. We currently have 12 churches that are a part of the network, and our goal is to expand the network to 25 churches by the end of 2015.

Utilizing current congregational support, the PRAISE project will offer the opportunity for church members to grow together in wellness as they do in faith.

Through PRAISE, members have access to preventive resources, information about chronic conditions, free screenings, and support to make changes toward a greater wellness.

Another exciting layer to this project is that participating congregations will be eligible to win cash awards to support the health ministry of the church.

To be designated as a PRAISE church, participating congregations must:

- Complete a church assessment
- Complete two surveys of the congregation (January & August)
- Participate in two Know Your Numbers screenings provided by Mission Health (January, February, March, and July/ August)
- Hold Preventative Health Education classes at the church
- Improve or initiate a church food policy
- Conduct a weekly physical activity opportunity for members

As you can see, it doesn't take

FREE Community Health Screenings

Preventive Health Education Resulting in Action Inspiring Success for Everyone

Saturday, January 24 from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m. at the Wesley Grant South Side Center.

Saturday, February 28 from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. at UNCA's Sherrill Center.

Saturday, March 14 from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m. at Tried Stone Missionary Baptist Church.

Saturday, March 28 from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m. at Shiloh Center.

much for the designation, but if you feel like your church is not equipped to participate, don't worry: ABIPA will be providing congregations with individualized support to be successful.

If you are interested in making sure that your church is more actively involved in impacting the culture of health in our community and want to participate in PRAISE, send me an email at jewana@abipa.org or call us at (828) 251-8364.

Community Lunch & Learns

Every Wednesday

From 12 noon to 2 p.m. at the Linwood Crump Shiloh Recreation Complex.

Every Thursday

Living Healthy with Chronic Conditions – Now through February 12 from 12 noon to 2:30 p.m. at the Weslev Grant South Side Center.

Ladies Night Out



First Thursday of each month from 4-8 p.m.

FREE physicals, mammograms, and health education for qualifying uninsured or underinsured women. Transportation

provided. Free childcare, refreshments, bloodpressure checks, cholesterol screenings, and pap smears. Call (828) 250-6006 to make your appointment.

Thyroid Awareness



Neck Check™

To detect a thyroid abnormality early, or lumps that may indicate potential thyroid cancer, follow these steps to perform your own Thyroid Neck Check:

- 1. Stand in front of a mirror
- 2. Stretch neck back
- 3. Swallow water
- 4. Look for enlargement in neck (below the Adam's Apple, above the collar bone)
- 5. Feel area to confirm enlargement or bump
- 6. If any problem is detected, see a doctor

Note: The Neck Check is not conclusive. A thorough examination by a physician is needed to diagnose or rule out thyroid cancer.



Cervical Cancer Awareness Month

by Kathey Avery, RN

Risks Include

Human Papilloma Virus - low-risk types and seldom linked to cancer, such as HPV-6 and HPV-11. High-risk types of HPV 16 and 18 cause two-thirds of cancers, including cancer of cervix. Doctors believe women must be infected

by HPV before developing cervical

Completely avoiding contact of certain areas of your body (like the mouth, anus, and genitals) with those of an infected person, may be the only way to prevent becoming infected with HPV.

Smoking exposes women to thousands of cancer-causing chemicals that go into the lungs then throughout the body and have been found in the cervical mucus of women who smoke.



Kathey Avery, RN

Diet - Increase fruits and vegetables. Overweight women are more likely to develop adenocarcinoma of the cervix.

Oral Contraceptives -Taking OC's longer than five years may increase the risk cervical cancer. Stopping shows risk

returned to normal after

10 years. Talk to your doctor about the potential risks. Use condoms if vou have multiple sexual partners to lower risk of sexually transmit-

Multiple full-term pregnancies - Three or more full-term pregnancies increases the risk of developing cervical cancer. The theory is that women having unprotected intercourse to get pregnant are exposed to HPV.

Young age at first full-term pregnancy - If 17 years old at the time of the first full-term pregnancy, women are two times more likely to get cervical cancer later in life than women who waited to get pregnant until they were 25 years or older.

Family History – If mother or sister had cervical cancer your risk is two to three times higher. Some women are less able to fight off HPV infection than others due to inherited familial tendencies.

Poverty - Low income and having limited access to adequate health care services, including Pap tests, may prevent screening and treatment for cervical precancers. Get screened; if found early, cervical cancer may be easier to treat.

For more education and discussion in your church or community contact me at ABIPA, (828) 251-8364.